

EMPLOYEE TRAINING RECORD

TRAINING TITLE Handling and Storage of Bonded Abrasive Wheels

KEY TEACHING POINTS

WHEEL MARKING

- Use only wheels with the type of wheel and maximum speed in revolutions per minute.

INSPECTION

- Upon receipt of all wheels, examine for any sign of damage. Use "Ring Test" to check the wheels.
- Ring tests do not apply to small wheels 10 cm (4 in) diameter and smaller.
- Tap wheels gently with a non-metallic tool such as a plastic screwdriver handle or wooden mallet.
- A sound wheel will emit a ring. Reject any wheel that sounds dead or cracked.

SELECTION OF WHEELS

- Selecting the right wheel for the job is of critical importance for safety. A wheel is dangerous when used for work it is not designed for. Booklets from wheel and machine manufacturers provide technical information on wheel use.

HANDLING

- All abrasive wheels are fragile.
- Handle wheels carefully. Avoid dropping or bumping.
- Provide a soft surface to roll wheels on if they cannot be carried.
- Transport wheels in containers designed to provide support for wheels.
- Do not pile other items such as tools on top of wheels.

STORAGE

- Store wheels in racks or bins with dividers for different types of wheels.
- Place straight or tapered wheels on end in a cradle or chocked position to prevent rolling.
- Store thin wheels on a flat surface.
- Stack cylinder and straight cup wheels on the flat side with cushioning materials, such as cardboard.
- Never store wheels near excessive heat, in contact with oil or moisture, or in drawers with loose tools.

TEST

QUESTION	ANSWERS	
	TRUE	FALSE
1 Ring tests do not work with wheels smaller than 7 inches.		
2 Use a metal hammer when doing a ring test.		
3 Store wheels by hanging on the wall.		
4 All abrasive wheels are tough and can be handled like any wrench.		
5 Any wheel will work as long as it mounts to the machine.		
EMPLOYEE'S NAME	EMPLOYEE'S SIGNATURE	DATE
INSTRUCTOR'S NAME	INSTRUCTOR'S SIGNATURE	DATE